investigation. This could seriously compromise case preparation by prematurely revealing its existence and nature; compromise or interfere with witnesses or make witnesses reluctant to cooperate; and lead to suppression, alteration, or destruction of evidence.

- (ii) From subsections (d) and (f) because providing access to investigative records and the right to contest the contents of those records and force changes to be made to the information contained therein would seriously interfere with and thwart the orderly and unbiased conduct of the investigation and impede case preparation. Providing access rights normally afforded under the Privacy Act would provide the subject with valuable information that would allow interference with or compromise of witnesses or render witnesses reluctant to cooperate; lead to suppression, alteration, or destruction of evidence; enable individuals to conceal their wrongdoing or mislead the course of the investigation; and result in the secreting of or other disposition of assets that would make them difficult or impossible to reach in order to satisfy any Government claim growing out of the investigation or proceeding.
- (iii) From subsection (e)(1) because it is not always possible to detect the relevance or necessity of each piece of information in the early stages of an investigation. In some cases, it is only after the information is evaluated in light of other evidence that its relevance and necessity will be clear.
- (iv) From subsections (e)(4)(G) and (H) because this system of records is compiled for investigative purposes and is exempt from the access provisions of subsections (d) and (f).
- (v) From subsection (e)(4)(I) because to the extent that this provision is construed to require more detailed disclosure than the broad, generic information currently published in the system notice, an exemption from this provision is necessary to protect the confidentiality of sources of information and to protect privacy and physical safety of witnesses and informants.

[65 FR 20372, Apr. 17, 2000, as amended at 66 FR 41783, Aug. 9, 2001; 66 FR 54926, Oct. 31, 2001; 67 FR 17616, Apr. 11, 2002; 74 FR 55784, Oct. 29, 2009]

PART 327—DEFENSE COMMISSARY AGENCY PRIVACY ACT PROGRAM

Sec.

327.1 Purpose.

27.2 Applicability.

327.3 Responsibilities.

327.4 Definitions.

327.5 Systems of records.

327.6 Collecting personal information.

327.7 Access by individuals.

327.8 Disclosure of personal information to other agencies and third parties.

APPENDIX A TO PART 327—SAMPLE DECA RE-SPONSE LETTER.

APPENDIX B TO PART 327—INTERNAL MANAGE-MENT CONTROL REVIEW CHECKLIST.

APPENDIX C TO PART 327—DECA BLANKET ROUTINE USES.

AUTHORITY: Pub. L. 93–579, 88 Stat. 1896 (5 U.S.C. 522a).

Source: 65 FR 39806, June 28, 2000, unless otherwise noted.

§327.1 Purpose.

This part implements the basic policies and procedures for the implementation of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended (5 U.S.C. 552a); OMB Circular A–130; ¹ and 32 CFR part 310; and to promote uniformity in the DeCA Privacy Act Program.

§ 327.2 Applicability.

This part applies to Headquarters, Field Operating Activities (FOA), Regions, Zones, Central Distribution Centers (CDC), Commissaries of DeCA, and contractors during the performance of a contract with DeCA. All personnel are expected to comply with the procedures established herein.

§ 327.3 Responsibilities.

- (a) The Director, DeCA. (1) Supervises the execution of the Privacy Act and this part within the DeCA, and serves as the DeCA Privacy Act Appeal Authority
 - (2) Appoints:
- (i) The Executive Director for Support as the DeCA Initial Denial Authority for the DeCA Privacy Act Program
- (ii) The Records Manager, Office of Safety, Security, and Administration as the DeCA Privacy Act Officer.

 $^{^1\}mathrm{Copies}$ may be obtained: http://www.whitehouse.gov/OMB/circulars.

§ 327.4

- (b) The Privacy Act Officer, DeCA. (1) Establishes and manages the PA program for DeCA.
- (2) Provides guidance, assistance and training.
- (3) Controls and monitors all requests received and prepares documentation to the office of primary responsibility (OPR) for response.
- (4) Prepares response to requester based on information provided by the OPR.
- (5) Signs all response requests for releasable information to the requester after coordination through the General Counsel. Ensures that all denied requests for information are released by the DeCA Initial Denial Authority.
- (6) Publishes instructions to contractors that:
- (i) Provide DeCA Privacy program guidance to their personnel who solicit, award, or administer government contracts:
- (ii) Inform prospective contractors of their responsibilities regarding the DeCA Privacy Program; and
- (iii) Establish an internal system of contractor performance review to ensure compliance with DeCA's Privacy program.
- (iv) Prepare and submit System Notices to the Defense Privacy Office for publication in the FEDERAL REGISTER.
- (7) Maintain Privacy Case files and records of disclosure accounting.
- (8) Submit the DeCa Annual Privacy Act Report (RCS: DD-DA&M(A)1379) to the Defense Privacy Office.
- (c) DeCA Directorates/Staff Offices. (1) Provide response and the information requested to the PA Officer for release to the individual.
- (2) In the event the information is to be denied release, the requested information and rationale for denial will be forwarded to the PA Officer for denial determination.
- (d) Regions. Regional Directors will appoint a Regional PA Coordinator who will maintain suspense control of PA actions, prepare documentation to the OPR for response, forward the information to the DeCA PA Officer for release determination, and notify the requester that the response will be received from the DeCA PA Officer using the format in Appendix A to this part.

- (e) DeCA Field Operating Activities (FOAs). (1) Upon receipt of a PA request that has not been received from the DeCA PA Officer, notify the DeCA PA Officer within 2 days.
- (2) Collect all information available and forward to the DeCA PA Officer. If the requested information is not available, provide the DeCA PA Officer the rationale to respond to the requester.
- (f) Central Distribution Centers (CDCs) and Commissaries. (1) Upon receipt of a PA request, not received from the Region Coordinator, notify the Region Coordinator within 2 days.
- (2) Collect all information available and forward it to the Region Coordinator for submission to DeCA PA Officer. If requested information is not available, provide the Region Coordinator the rationale so they can prepare a response to the DeCA PA Officer. If the information is available but determined to be exempt, provide the Region Coordinator with the requested information and specific reasons why the request should be denied. The Region Coordinator will formalize a reply to the DeCA PA Officer, forwarding requested information and reasons for denial. The DeCA PA Officer will prepare the response to the requester with coordination by the General Counsel and signature by the IDA.

§ 327.4 Definitions.

Access. The review of a record of a copy of a record or parts thereof in a system of records by any individual.

Agency. For the purposes of disclosing records subject to the Privacy Act among DoD Components, the Department of Defense is considered a single agency. For all other purposes to include applications for access and amendment, denial of access or amendment, appeals from denials, and record keeping as regards release to non-DoD agencies; each DoD Component is considered an agency within the meaning of the Privacy Act.

Computer room. Any combination of electronic hardware and software integrated in a variety of forms (firmware, programmable software, hard wiring, or similar equipment) that permits the